Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and Independent Auditors’ Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 are stated as follows:

<u>Occurrence of Operating Revenue Recognize in Substantial Growth of Customers Sales</u>

At the year ended December 31, 2021, the Group's revenue increased compare to the year ended December 31, 2020. In 2021, among part of the Group's customers have substantial growth in operating revenue than previous year. We, therefore, consider the recognition of operating revenue growth with customers sales, which have substantial growth in operating revenue than previous year as a key audit matter. Please refer to Notes 4 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements for the relevant accounting policy.

The key audit procedures performed in respect of the above area included the following:

1. We obtained on understanding of the Group's policies procedures and internal controls for revenue recognition and tested the effectiveness and efficiency of operations of the key controls over the occurrence of revenue recognize.

2. We analyzed the sales customers, which mentioned above, with the reason for the change in operating revenue.

3. We selected the sample transactions of the sales customers, which mentioned above, in the sales records for substantive tests and confirmed them with the supporting shipping documents, and verified the collection after the reporting period.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including members of the audit committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Yao-Ling Huang and Suei-Chin Lee.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

March 11, 2022

<u>*Notice to Readers*</u>

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021		2020	
ASSETS	**Amount**	**%**	**Amount**	**%**
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	$ 646,169	18	$ 831,330	27
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)	697	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 9 and 30)	169,309	5	4,865	-
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 10 and 23)	425,429	12	586,078	19
Accounts receivable from related parties (Notes 4, 10, 23 and 29)	18,589	-	75,387	3
Other receivables (Note 4)	29,782	1	35,585	1
Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 25)	6,141	-	3,628	-
Inventories, net (Notes 4 and 11)	382,732	10	219,979	7
Prepayments (Notes 17 and 29)	222,937	6	63,982	2
Non-current assets held for sale (Notes 4 , 12 and 32)	101,128	3	-	-
Other current assets (Notes 4, 17, 29 and 30)	143,312	4	92,318	3
Total current assets	2,146,225	59	1,913,152	62
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	24,055	1	25,829	1
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 14 and 30)	1,265,424	35	898,321	29
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 15 and 30)	77,960	2	53,811	2
Investment properties, net (Notes 4, 16 and 30)	-	-	101,897	3
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 25)	44,056	1	34,080	1
Other non-current assets (Notes 4 and 17)	77,470	2	81,977	2
Total non-current assets	1,488,965	41	1,195,915	38
TOTAL	$ 3,635,190	100	$ 3,109,067	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short-term borrowings (Notes 18 and 30)	$ 489,416	13	$ 56,960	2
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 7 and 19)	2,591	-	21,798	1
Contract liabilities - current (Note 23)	126,900	4	47,573	1
Notes and accounts payable, net	140,061	4	157,488	5
Other payables (Notes 20 and 29)	216,472	6	156,896	5
Current portion of bonds payable (Notes 4 and 19)	349,167	10	473,921	15
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 18)	41,520	1	-	-
Other current liabilities	6,231	-	1,657	-
Total current liabilities	1,372,358	38	916,293	29
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Long-term borrowings (Note 18)	41,520	1	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4, 7 and 19)	43,380	1	61,140	2
Bonds payable (Notes 4 and 19)	530,796	15	513,646	17
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 25)	9,610	-	9,577	-
Total non-current liabilities	625,306	17	584,363	19
Total liabilities	1,997,664	55	1,500,656	48
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 4 and 22)				
Share capital				
Ordinary Shares	585,756	16	510,767	17
Capital surplus	433,575	12	433,575	14
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	184,044	5	133,588	4
Special reserve	63,211	2	78,601	3
Unappropriated earnings	482,010	13	509,525	16
Total retained earnings	729,265	20	721,714	23
Other equity				
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	(125,963)	(4)	(110,395)	(4)
Unrealized valuation loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(16,882)	-	(15,619)	-
Revaluation surplus (Note 12)	65,146	2	65,146	2
Total other equity	(77,699)	(2)	(60,868)	(2)
Treasury shares	(153,986)	(4)	(115,905)	(4)
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	1,516,911	42	1,489,283	48
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	120,615	3	119,128	4
Total equity	1,637,526	45	1,608,411	52
TOTAL	$ 3,635,190	100	$ 3,109,067	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2021		2020	
	Amount	**%**	**Amount**	**%**
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 23 and 29)	$ 2,714,866	100	$ 2,353,380	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 11, 24 and 29)	(1,899,781)	(70)	(1,564,853)	(67)
GROSS PROFIT	815,085	30	788,527	33
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 24 and 29)				
Selling and marketing expenses	(192,040)	(7)	(126,578)	(5)
General and administrative expenses	(80,306)	(3)	(65,306)	(3)
Research and development expenses	(190,486)	(7)	(97,428)	(4)
Total operating expenses	(462,832)	(17)	(289,312)	(12)
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	352,253	13	499,215	21
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 24)				
Other income	30,989	1	49,077	2
Other gains and losses	(31,727)	(1)	(27,010)	(1)
Finance costs	(35,073)	(2)	(25,860)	(1)
Interest income	2,247	-	1,778	-
Net gain on fair value changes of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 19)	46,755	2	55,650	2
Total non-operating income and expenses	13,191	-	53,635	2
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	365,444	13	552,850	23
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 25)	(5,245)	-	(43,269)	(2)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	360,199	13	509,581	21

(Continued)

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2021		2020	
	Amount	**%**	**Amount**	**%**
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Note 4)				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	$ (1,578)	-	$ (6,278)	-
Exchange differences arising on translation to the presentation currency	(16,465)	-	22,392	-
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(18,043)	-	16,114	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	$ 342,156	13	$ 525,695	21
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Company	$ 357,500	13	$ 504,558	21
Non-controlling interests	2,699	-	5,023	-
	$ 360,199	13	$ 509,581	21
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
Owners of the Company	$ 340,669	13	$ 519,947	21
Non-controlling interests	1,487	-	5,748	-
	$ 342,156	13	$ 525,695	21
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT$, Note 26)				
Basic	$ 6.23		$ 8.75	
Diluted	$ 5.32		$ 8.67	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company														
	Share Capital			Retained Earnings				Other Equity							
	Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Valuation Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	Gains on Property Revaluation	Total	Treasury Shares	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2020	51,077	$ 510,767	$ 433,575	$ 100,620	$ 21,406	$ 332,779	$ 454,805	$ (130,806)	$ (10,597)	$ 65,146	$ (76,257)	$ (63,586)	$ 1,259,304	$ 113,380	$ 1,372,684
Appropriation of 2019 earnings															
Legal reserve	-	-	-	32,968	-	(32,968)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	57,195	(57,195)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	-	(237,649)	(237,649)	-	-	-	-	-	(237,649)	-	(237,649)
	-	-	-	32,968	57,195	(327,812)	(237,649)	-	-	-	-	-	(237,649)	-	(237,649)
Net profit (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	-	504,558	504,558	-	-	-	-	-	504,558	5,023	509,581
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,411	(5,022)	-	15,389	-	15,389	725	16,114
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	-	-	504,558	504,558	20,411	(5,022)	-	15,389	-	519,947	5,748	525,695
Buy-back of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,319)	(52,319)	-	(52,319)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	51,077	510,767	433,575	133,588	78,601	509,525	721,714	(110,395)	(15,619)	65,146	(60,868)	(115,905)	1,489,283	119,128	1,608,411
Appropriation of 2020 earnings															
Legal reserve	-	-	-	50,456	-	(50,456)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	-	(15,390)	15,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends distributed by the Company	-	-	-	-	-	(274,960)	(274,960)	-	-	-	-	-	(274,960)	-	(274,960)
Share dividends distributed by the Company	7,499	74,989	-	-	-	(74,989)	(74,989)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7,499	74,989	-	50,456	(15,390)	(385,015)	(349,949)	-	-	-	-	-	(274,960)	-	(274,960)
Net profit (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	357,500	357,500	-	-	-	-	-	357,500	2,699	360,199
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,568)	(1,263)	-	(16,831)	-	(16,831)	(1,212)	(18,043)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	357,500	357,500	(15,568)	(1,263)	-	(16,831)	-	340,669	1,487	342,156
Buy-back of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,081)	(38,081)	-	(38,081)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	58,576	$ 585,756	$ 433,575	$ 184,044	$ 63,211	$ 482,010	$ 729,265	$ (125,963)	$ (16,882)	$ 65,146	$ (77,699)	$ (153,986)	$ 1,516,911	$ 120,615	$ 1,637,526

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	$ 365,444	$ 552,850
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expenses	134,565	105,376
Net gain on fair value changes of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(46,755)	(55,650)
Finance costs	35,073	25,860
Interest income	(2,247)	(1,778)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	223	22
Write-downs of inventories	559	267
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,920	-
Notes receivable and Accounts receivable	160,649	(235,434)
Accounts receivable from related parties	56,798	11,862
Other receivables	4,941	(8,822)
Inventories	(163,312)	22,723
Prepayments	(158,955)	(9,663)
Other current assets	(50,994)	(25,253)
Financial liability held for trading	3,557	-
Contract liabilities	79,327	31,123
Notes and accounts payable	(17,427)	(64,898)
Other payables	59,576	(392)
Other current liabilities	3,916	(2,682)
Cash generated from operations	475,858	345,511
Interest paid	(2,892)	(3,993)
Income taxes paid	(17,819)	(46,796)
Net cash generated from operating activities	455,147	294,722
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(164,444)	(3,798)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	-	98,680
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(424,779)	(141,008)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	39	2
Decrease in refundable deposits	(26,662)	-
Decrease in other non-current assets	10	1,368
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(77,443)	(80,162)
Interest received	3,109	1,143
Net cash used in investing activities	(690,170)	(123,775)

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JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	**2020**
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from (repayments of) short-term borrowings	$ 438,969	$ (236,400)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	-	601,416
Repayments of convertible bonds	(148,727)	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	83,040	-
Proceeds from (refund of) guarantee deposits received	658	(1,042)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(274,960)	(237,649)
Payments for buy-back of ordinary shares	(38,081)	(52,319)
Net cash generated from financing activities	60,899	74,006
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(11,037)	(2,884)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(185,161)	242,069
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	831,330	589,261
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	$ 646,169	$ 831,330

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in Cayman Islands on September 25, 2014. The Company was established mainly for organizational restructuring. In accordance with the equity exchange agreement, the Company has become the holding company of the consolidated entities after the organizational restructuring have been completed on September 25, 2014.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TSE) since November 9, 2015.

The Company's functional currency is Renminbi. However, due to the listing in the TSE, the consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars for greater comparability and consistency of financial reporting.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 9, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRS Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

   Except for the following, the initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRSs endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) for application starting from 2022

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)
"Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020"	January 1, 2022 (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"	January 1, 2022 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use"	January 1, 2022 (Note 3)
Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"	January 1, 2022 (Note 4)

Note 1: The amendments to IFRS 9 will be applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges of financial liabilities that occur on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IAS 41 "Agriculture" will be applied prospectively to the fair value measurements on or after the annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The amendments to IFRS 1 "First-time Adoptions of IFRSs" will be applied retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

Note 2: The amendments are applicable to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

Note 3: The amendments are applicable to property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after January 1, 2021.

Note 4: The amendments are applicable to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations on January 1, 2022.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	**Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)**
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between An Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	January 1, 2023 (Note 4)

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 3: The amendments are applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Note 4: Except for deferred taxes that will be recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments will be applied prospectively to transactions that occur on or after January 1, 2022.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments and investment properties which are measured at fair value.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;

2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and

3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;

2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and

3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

See Note 13, Tables 7 and 8 for the detailed information of subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and the other entities in the Group (including subsidiaries and branches in other countries that use currency which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency - the New Taiwan dollar as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate).

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, supplies, finished goods and work in progress and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are measured at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

The depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties also include land held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs, and are subsequently measured using the fair value model. Changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

i. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use asset

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use asset, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. To meet the criteria for the sale being highly probable, the appropriate level of management must be committed to the sale, and the sale should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within 1 year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Such assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated.

k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, Financial assets at amortized cost and financial assets at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, other current financial assets and refundable deposits, are measured at amortized cost, which equals to gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, expect for:

i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and

ii) Financial assets that are not credit impaired on purchase or origination but have subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group’s right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables).

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for accounts receivable. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group determines that internal or external information show that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors indicate that a financial asset is in default.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situations, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:

<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are either held for trading or are designated as at FVTPL. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 28.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4) Convertible bonds

The conversion option component of the convertible bonds issued by the Group, which will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of the Company’s own equity instruments, is classified as a derivative financial liability.

On initial recognition, the derivative financial liability component of the convertible bonds is recognized at fair value, and the initial carrying amount of the non-derivative financial liability component is determined by deducting the amount of the derivative financial liability component from the fair value of the hybrid instrument as a whole. In subsequent periods, the non-derivative financial liability component of the convertible bonds is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The derivative financial liability component is measured at fair value, and the changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs that relate to the issuance of the convertible notes are allocated to the derivative financial liability component and the non-derivative financial liability component in proportion to their relative fair values.

l. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of cellulose acetate tow and cellulose acetate. Sales of cellulose acetate tow and cellulose acetate are recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped because it is the time when the customer has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently.

m. Leasing

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

n. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to an acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Other than that which is stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

o. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

p. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

The Group participates in the local government pension plans in accordance with local regulations, contributing pension regularly to the government according to a certain percentage of the employee’s salary. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses for the current period when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

q. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

According to the People’s Republic of China (PRC) Enterprise Income Tax Law, the tax rate is 25%. Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd (China) of the Group and Acetek Material Co., Ltd (China) of the Group have acquired the High-tech Enterprise Certificate in 2018 and 2019. The applicable tax rate for both companies is 15%. Adjustments of prior years’ tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year’s tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused loss carryforwards to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. If investment properties measured using the fair value model are non-depreciable assets, the carrying amounts of such assets are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale.

3) Current and deferred taxes for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group’s accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the possible impact of the recent development of the COVID-19 in Taiwan and its economic environment implications when making its critical accounting estimates on cash flow projections, growth rate, discount rate, profitability, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Cash on hand	$ 226	$ 147
Demand deposits	512,754	831,183
Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities of less than 3 months)		
Time deposits	133,189	-
	$ 646,169	$ 831,330

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - current		
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL		
Derivative financial assets (not under hedge accounting)		
Foreign exchange forward contracts (b)	$ 697	$ -
Financial liabilities at FVTPL - current		
Financial liabilities held for trading		
Derivative financial liabilities		
Convertible options (Note 19)	$ 2,591	$ 21,450
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	348
	$ 2,591	$ 21,798
Financial liabilities at FVTPL - non-current		
Financial liabilities held for trading		
Derivative financial liabilities		
Convertible options (Note 19)	$ 43,380	$ 61,140

At the end of the year, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not under hedge accounting were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2021			
Sell	USD/RMB	2022.1	USD500/RMB3,345
Sell	USD/RMB	2022.3	USD250/RMB1,610

(Continued)

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2020			
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.1	USD1,500/RMB9,800
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.2	USD1,500/RMB9,820
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.3	USD1,500/RMB9,840
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.4	USD1,500/RMB9,857
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.5	USD1,500/RMB9,874
Sell	USD/RMB	2021.6	USD1,500/RMB9,892

(Concluded)

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Non-current		
Foreign investments		
Unlisted shares		
Ordinary shares - ELEUNG LIMITED	$ 24,055	$ 25,829

The Group holds 25% of the ordinary shares of ELEUNG LIMITED. However, according to the shareholders' agreement, the owner shareholders shall have the control in the composition of company's board of directors, moreover, the Group has no authority to participate in the investee's financial and operating policy decisions; therefore, the investment is not accounted for as an associated company.

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Current		
Domestic investments		
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	$ 169,309	$ 4,865

a. The ranges of interest rates for time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months were approximately 0.22%-0.25% and 0.40%-1.85% per annum as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

b. Refer to Note 30 for information relating to investments in financial assets at amortized cost pledged as security.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Notes and accounts receivable		
At amortized cost		
Gross carrying amount	$ 425,429	$ 586,078
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	-	-
	$ 425,429	$ 586,078
Accounts receivable from related parties		
At amortized cost		
Gross carrying amount	$ 18,589	$ 75,387
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	-	-
	$ 18,589	$ 75,387

The Group takes advance payments for the sales of goods through letters of credit. The credit period of sales of goods was between 30 and 180 days. No interest was charged on trade and notes receivable. The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with entities that are rated the equivalent of investment grade or higher and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group uses other publicly available financial information or its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on accounts receivable are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The following table details the loss allowance of accounts receivable based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2021

	1 to 30 Days	31 to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	91 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	181 to 360 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Gross carrying amount	$ 268,848	$ 42,822	$ 31,044	$ 40,318	$ 60,986	$ -	$ 444,018
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortized cost	$ 268,848	$ 42,822	$ 31,044	$ 40,318	$ 60,986	$ -	$ 444,018

December 31, 2020

	1 to 30 Days	31 to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	91 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	181 to 360 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Gross carrying amount	$ 238,911	$ 153,968	$ 107,272	$ 70,827	$ 90,487	$ -	$ 661,465
Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortized cost	$ 238,911	$ 153,968	$ 107,272	$ 70,827	$ 90,487	$ -	$ 661,465

Compare to January 1, 2021 and 2020, the group did not recognize allowance for impairment loss on receivables at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively; resulted from the decreased/increase in accounts receivables net of those collected of $217,447 thousand and $223,572 thousand, respectively.

11. INVENTORIES

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Finished goods	$ 129,219	$ 59,157
Work in progress	35,943	20,198
Raw materials	193,919	120,712
Supplies	23,651	19,912
	$ 382,732	$ 219,979

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was $1,899,781 thousand and $1,564,853 thousand, respectively. The inventory write-downs was $559 thousand and $267 thousand, respectively.

12. NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

The Group's subsidiary, Jinan Acetate Chemical, signed the expropriation contract with Jinan Prior Zone For Replacing Old Growth with New Zones Management Committee Construction Management Department on August 17, 2021. The investment properties with the right of use assets and buildings, which located in Qingning area, was reclassified as non-current assets held for sale.

Non-current assets held for sale

	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Freehold land held for sale	$ 101,128	$ -
Equity directly associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale	$ 65,146	$ -

Investment properties measured at fair value

	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	$ 101,897
Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	(769)
Balance at December 31, 2021	$ 101,128

The fair values of investment properties were measured on a recurring basis as follows:

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Independent valuation	$ 101,128	$ -

The fair values of a single investment property with a carrying amount at least 20% of the paid-in capital at December 31, 2021 by independent qualified professional valuer, Mr. Ming-Hun Tsai, from Zhan-Mao Real Estate Appraisal Firm in the ROC.

The movements in the fair value of investment properties within Level 3 of the hierarchy were as follows:

	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	$ 101,897
Recognized in other comprehensive income (exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations)	(769)
Balance at December 31, 2021	$ 101,128

The fair value of investment properties, except for undeveloped land, was measured using the income approach. The significant assumptions used are as follows:

	December 31, 2021
Expected future cash inflows	$ 216,904
Expected future cash outflows	(8,483)
Expected future cash inflows, net	$ 208,421
Discount rates	5.44%

The market rentals in the area where the investment property is located were between RMB7.758 per square meter. The market rentals for comparable properties were between RMB7 and RMB9 per square meter.

The investment property has 1 floor above ground level, and the floor had been leased out under operating leases. The rental income generated for the years ended December 31, 2021 was $4,289 thousand.

The future cash inflows expected to be generated by investment properties include rental income, interest income on rental deposits and disposal value. The rental income was extrapolated using the Group's current rental rate, taking into account the annual rental growth rate; the income analysis covers a 10-year period, the interest income on rental deposits was extrapolated using the time deposit interest rate for 1-year period; there was no disposal value since after the land lease expires, no land owner will be paid back the above-ground houses. The expected future cash outflows incurred by investment properties included the expenditures such as enterprise-establishing brokerage fee, related taxes and management costs, insurance premiums and maintenance costs. These expenditures were extrapolated on the basis of the current level of expenditures, taking into account the future adjustments.

The discount rate of 5.44% was determined using the interest rate for 1-year time deposits as posted by The People's Bank of China of 1.75% and long-term interest rate of 4.75% for the year ended December 31, 2021. The discount rate was first calculated by using 50% of funds and borrowing for capitalization rate of 3.215%, then calculated by liquidity, risk, appreciation and the difficulty on management.

13. SUBSIDIARIES

a. Entities included in the consolidated financial statements:

Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	Proportion of Ownership December 31 2021	Proportion of Ownership December 31 2020
The Company	My Parents Living Technology Limited (Hong Kong) ("My Parents")	Investments	100.00	100.00
My Parents	Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd. (China) ("Jinan Acetate Chemical")	Production and sales of cellulose acetate tow	100.00	100.00
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Material Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Material")	Production and sales of cellulose acetate	80.00 (Note 2)	52.80
My Parents	Acetek Material Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Material")	Production and sales of cellulose acetate	- (Note 2)	27.20
My Parents	Acetek Chemical Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Chemical")	Investments	80.00	80.00
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Momentun Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Momentun")	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose anhydride	71.35	43.01 (Note 1)
My Parents	Acetek Momentun Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Momentun")	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose anhydride	28.65	56.99 (Note 1)
My Parents	Acetate (Shandong) Environmental Fiber Co., Ltd. (China) ("Acetek Environmental")	Manufactruing and sales of cellulose acetate fiber	100.00 (Note 3)	

Note 1: The Group invested in Acetek Momentun in July 2020 by Jinan Acetate Chemical and December 2020 by My Parents.

Note 2: My Parents transferred shares of Acetek Material 27.2% to Jinan Acetate Chemical in November 2021.

Note 3: The Group invested in Acetate (Shandong) Environmental Fiber Co., Ltd. in October 2021.

b. Details of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

Name of Subsidiary	Principal Place of Business	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by Non-controlling Interests December 31 2021	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by Non-controlling Interests December 31 2020
Acetek Material	Mainland China	20.00%	20.00%

Summarized financial information in respect of Acetek Material that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarized financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Current assets	$ 387,249	$ 329,960
Non-current assets	834,030	788,039
Current liabilities	(660,045)	(562,697)
Equity	$ 561,234	$ 555,302
Equity attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	$ 448,987	$ 444,242
Non-controlling interests of Acetek Material	112,247	111,060
	$ 561,234	$ 555,302

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Revenue	$ 1,299,586	$ 1,029,941
Profit for the year	$ 10,112	$ 23,184
Other comprehensive income for the year	(7,878)	(20,385)
Total comprehensive income for the year	$ 2,234	$ 2,799
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	$ 8,090	$ 18,547
Non-controlling interests of Acetek Material	2,022	4,637
	$ 10,112	$ 23,184
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	$ 1,787	$ 2,239
Non-controlling interests of Acetek Material	447	560
	$ 2,234	$ 2,799
Net cash inflow from:		
Operating activities	$ 127,125	$ (91,282)
Investing activities	(128,979)	(99,775)
Financing activities	2,172	175,080
Effects of exchange rate changes	1,395	7,861
Net cash inflow (outflow)	$ 1,713	$ (8,116)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings	Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Other Equipment	Construction in Progress Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2020	$ 222,273	$ 1,070,574	$ 11,124	$ 7,249	$ 15,229	$ 1,326,449
Additions	9,165	50,654	-	-	81,189	141,008
Disposals	-	-	(478)	-	-	(478)
Reclassification	591	30,597	287	-	(12,803)	18,672
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	3,934	19,708	182	120	1,771	25,715
Balance at December 31, 2020	$ 235,963	$ 1,171,533	$ 11,115	$ 7,369	$ 85,386	$ 1,511,366
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2020	$ 56,385	$ 433,248	$ 6,729	$ 3,382	$ -	$ 499,744
Depreciation expenses	11,598	88,361	1,752	1,409	-	103,120
Disposals	-	-	(454)	-	-	(454)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	1,200	9,206	141	88	-	10,635
Balance at December 31, 2020	$ 69,183	$ 530,815	$ 8,168	$ 4,879	$ -	$ 613,045
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020	$ 166,780	$ 640,718	$ 2,947	$ 2,490	$ 85,386	$ 898,321
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2021	$ 235,963	$ 1,171,533	$ 11,115	$ 7,369	$ 85,386	$ 1,511,366
Additions	39,856	383,533	1,390	-	-	424,779
Disposals	-	(2,753)	-	-	-	(2,753)
Reclassification	2,056	81,772	476	43	(3,138)	81,209
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(1,750)	(8,513)	(83)	(56)	(702)	(11,104)
Balance at December 31, 2021	$ 276,125	$ 1,625,572	$ 12,898	$ 7,356	$ 81,546	$ 2,003,497
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2021	$ 69,183	$ 530,815	$ 8,168	$ 4,879	$ -	$ 613,045
Depreciation expenses	13,646	115,552	1,420	1,434	-	132,052
Disposals	-	(2,491)	-	-	-	(2,491)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(512)	(3,924)	(61)	(36)	-	(4,533)
Balance at December 31, 2021	$ 82,317	$ 639,952	$ 9,527	$ 6,277	$ -	$ 738,073
Carrying amounts at December 31, 2021	$ 193,808	$ 985,620	$ 3,371	$ 1,079	$ 81,546	$ 1,265,424

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	20 years
Equipment	3-10 years
Transportation equipment	4-5 years
Other equipment	5 years

Property, plant and equipment pledged as collateral for bank borrowings are set out in Note 30.

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Carrying amount		
Land	$ 77,960	$ 53,811

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Additions to right-of-use assets	$ 26,662	$ -
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets		
Land	$ 2,513	$ 2,256

b. Material leasing activities and terms

As lessees, Jinan Acetek Chemical Co., Ltd. and Acetek Material Co., Ltd. are leasing certain lands for the use of factory with lease terms of 20 to 30 years. These arrangements do not contain purchase options at the end of the lease terms.

c. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Expenses relating to short-term leases	$ 707	$ 433
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	$ 13	$ 14
Total cash outflow for leases	$ (720)	$ (447)

The Group leases of certain office equipment qualify as short-term leases and leases of certain computer equipment which qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Measured at fair value	$ -	$ 101,897

The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating leases of investment properties at December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	December 31, 2020
Year 1	$ 4,473
Year 2	4,473
Year 3	4,696
Year 4	4,696
Year 5	4,931
Year 6 onwards	4,931
	$ 28,200

Investment properties measured at fair value

	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	$ 100,220
Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	1,677
Balance at December 31, 2020	$ 101,897

The fair values of investment properties were measured on a recurring basis as follows:

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Independent valuation	$ -	$ 101,897

The fair values of a single investment property with a carrying amount at least 20% of the paid-in capital at December 31, 2020 was based on the valuations carried out on January 28, 2021, respectively, by independent qualified professional valuer, Mr. Ming-Hun Tsai, from Zhan-Mao Real Estate Appraisal Firm in the ROC.

The movements in the fair value of investment properties within Level 3 of the hierarchy were as follows:

	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	$ 100,220
Recognized in other comprehensive income (exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations)	1,677
Balance at December 31, 2020	$ 101,897

The fair value of investment properties, except for undeveloped land, was measured using the income approach. The significant assumptions used are as follows:

	December 31, 2020
Expected future cash inflows	$ 217,877
Expected future cash outflows	(8,342)
Expected future cash inflows, net	$ 209,535
Discount rates	5.38%

The market rentals in the area where the investment property is located were between RMB7.758 per square meter. The market rentals for comparable properties were between RMB7 and RMB9 per square meter.

The investment property has 1 floor above ground level, and the floor had been leased out under operating leases. The rental income generated for the years ended December 31, 2020 was $4,289 thousand.

The future cash inflows expected to be generated by investment properties include rental income, interest income on rental deposits and disposal value. The rental income was extrapolated using the Group's current rental rate, taking into account the annual rental growth rate; the income analysis covers a 10-year period, the interest income on rental deposits was extrapolated using the time deposit interest rate for 1-year period; there was no disposal value since after the land lease expires, no land owner will be paid back the above-ground houses. The expected future cash outflows incurred by investment properties included the expenditures such as enterprise-establishing brokerage fee, related taxes and management costs, insurance premiums and maintenance costs. These expenditures were extrapolated on the basis of the current level of expenditures, taking into account the future adjustments.

The discount rate of 5.38% was determined using the interest rate for 1-year time deposits as posted by The People's Bank of China of 1.75% and long-term interest rate of 4.75% for the year ended December 31, 2020. The discount rate was first calculated by using 50% of funds and borrowing for capitalization rate of 3.215%, then calculated by liquidity, risk, appreciation and the difficulty on management.

The Group has free hold interests in all of its investment properties. The investment properties pledged as collateral for bank borrowings are set out in Note 30.

17. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Current		
Prepayments		
Advanced payments	$ 72,645	$ 26,384
Prepayment	78,289	13,177
Others	72,003	24,421
	$ 222,937	$ 63,982

(Continued)

	December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Other current assets		
Pledge deposits	$ 142,878	$ 91,441
Refundable deposits	434	877
	$ 143,312	$ 92,318
Non-current		
Other non-current assets		
Prepayments for equipment	$ 77,443	$ 81,940
Refundable deposits	27	27
Prepayments for house	-	10
	$ 77,470	$ 81,977

(Concluded)

18. BORROWINGS

Short-term Borrowings

	December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Secured borrowings		
Bank loans	$ 2,172	$ -
Unsecured borrowings		
Line of credit borrowings	487,244	56,960
	$ 489,416	$ 56,960

The range of interest rates on bank loans was 0.95%-4.35% and 0.85%-1.05% per annum at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Long-term Borrowings

	December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Unsecured borrowings		
Line of credit borrowings	$ 83,040	$ -
Less: Current portion	(41,520)	-
Long-term borrowings	$ 41,520	$ -

The Group obtained a new bank loan of US$3,000 thousands with interest rates 1.56%. The interest was paid monthly and the loan was amortized quarterly.

19. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31	
	2021	2020
First-time unsecured domestic convertible bonds (ROC)	$ 349,167	$ 473,921
Second-time unsecured domestic convertible bonds (ROC)	530,796	513,646
	879,963	987,567
Less: Current portion	(349,167)	(473,921)
	$ 530,796	$ 513,646

As of June 9, 2017, the Company issued $500,000 thousand, 0% NTD-denominated unsecured convertible bonds in Taiwan, with a total issue amount of $500,000 thousand.

Each bond entitles the holder to convert it into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of $173. In case of ex-right or ex-dividend, the price should be adjusted according to the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price as of December 31, 2021 was $113.6. Conversion may occur at any time between September 10, 2017 and June 9, 2022. If the bonds have not been converted and the closing price of ordinary shares has exceeded 30% of the current conversion price for 30 consecutive business days, the Company may send a copy of “Debt Rebate Notice” with expiration of one month by registered mail within the next 30 business days. The aforementioned period is calculated from the delivery of mail, and the expiration date of the period is determined as the base date for recovery of bonds. The Company redeems the bonds at their par value within 5 business days following the base date.

The convertible bonds shall be resold in advance by bondholders on the date of the issuance of 3 years (June 9, 2020) and the date of the issuance of 4 years (June 9, 2021). The Company should send a copy of “Notice of Put Provision” to the bondholders by registered mail in 40 days before the base date of resale. The bondholders may require the Company to add interest compensation to the par value of the bonds (101.5075% for 3 years and 102.0151% for 4 years) and to redeem the bonds in cash. Upon receiving the request for resale, the Company shall redeem the bonds in cash within 5 business days after the resale date.

Proceeds from issuance (less transaction costs of $4,499 thousand)	$ 500,501
Liability component at the date of issue	$ 500,501
Liability component at January 1, 2020 (bonds payable of $456,564 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current of $46,400 thousand)	$ 502,864
Interest charged at an effective interest rate of 3.7371%	17,357
Valuation profit on financial investments	(24,850)
Liability component at December 31, 2020 (bonds payable of $473,921 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current of $21,450 thousand)	$ 495,371
Liability component at January 1, 2021 (bonds payable of $473,921 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current of 21,450 thousand)	$ 495,371
Interest charged at an effective interest rate of 3.7371%	15,031
Valuation profit on financial investments	(13,490)
Redeemed convertible bonds	(145,154)
Liability component at December 31, 2021 (bonds payable of $349,167 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current of $2,591 thousand)	$ 351,758

As of September 25, 2020, the Company issued $600,000 thousand, 0% NTD-denominated unsecured convertible bonds in Taiwan, with a total issue amount of $600,000 thousand.

Each bond entitles the holder to convert it into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of $130.7. In case of ex-right or ex-dividend, the price should be adjusted according to the conversion price adjustment formula. The conversion price as of December 31, 2021 was $108.4. Conversion may occur at any time between December 26, 2020 and September 25, 2025. If the bonds have not been converted and the closing price of ordinary shares has exceeded 30% of the current conversion price for 30 consecutive business days, the Company may send a copy of "Debt Rebate Notice" with expiration of one month by registered mail within the next 30 business days. The aforementioned period is calculated from the delivery of mail, and the expiration date of the period is determined as the base date for recovery of bonds. The Company redeems the bonds at their par value within 5 business days following the base date.

The convertible bonds shall be resold in advance by bondholders on the date of the issuance of 3 years (September 25, 2023) and the date of the issuance of 4 years (September 25, 2024). The Company should send a copy of "Notice of Put Provision" to the bondholders by registered mail in 40 days before the base date of resale. The bondholders may require the Company to add interest compensation to the par value of the bonds (100.75% for 3 years and 101.00% for 4 years) and to redeem the bonds in cash. Upon receiving the request for resale, the Company shall redeem the bonds in cash within 5 business days after the resale date.

Proceeds from issuance (less transaction costs of $4,584 thousand)	$ 601,416
Liability component at the date of issue	$ 601,416
Liability component at September 25, 2020 (bonds payable of $509,136 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current of $92,280 thousand)	$ 601,416
Interest charged at an effective interest rate of 3.2888%	4,510
Valuation profit on financial investments	(31,140)
Liability component at December 31, 2020 (bonds payable of $513,646 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current of $61,140 thousand)	$ 574,786
Liability component at January 1, 2021 (bonds payable of $513,646 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current of $61,140 thousand)	$ 574,786
Interest charged at an effective interest rate of 3.2888%	17,150
Valuation profit on financial investments	(17,760)
Liability component at December 31, 2021 (bonds payable of $530,767 thousand and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current of $43,380 thousand)	$ 574,176

20. OTHER PAYABLES

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Payables for purchases of equipment	$ 89,689	$ 34,969
Payables for security production fee	35,034	28,553
Payables for steam fee	24,828	23,801
Payables for salaries	18,378	19,165
Payables for commission	14,719	16,327
Payables for freight	5,879	18,320
Accrued remuneration to employees and directors	5,631	6,122
Others	22,314	9,639
	$ 216,472	$ 156,896

21. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Jinan Acetate Chemical and Acetek Material of the Group adopted a defined contribution plan. Under the plan, an entity makes contributions to employees' pension account at percentages of the salary of employees. The pension account is managed by the authorized insurance institution located in China. The employees can withdraw the pension contributed by the Company and by themselves as well as the interest upon retirement.

22. EQUITY

a. Ordinary shares

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	100,000	100,000
Shares authorized	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	58,576	51,077
Shares issued	$ 585,756	$ 510,767

On April 15, 2021, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 7,499 thousand ordinary shares from capital surplus with a par value of $10, of which increased the share capital issued. On April 23, 2021, the Company's board of director resolved May 29, 2021 as share capital increase base date and fully paid to $585,756 thousand.

On November 11, 2021, the Company's board of directors resolved to cancel 513 thousand revaluation surplus, which was the overdue portion for the purpose of transfer to employees, will regarded as unissued shares. On January 8, 2022, as share capital reduction base date.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31	
	2021	2020
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)		
Issuance of ordinary shares	$ 416,034	$ 416,034
May be used to offset a deficit only		
Changes in percentage of ownership interest in subsidiary (2)	17,541	17,541
	$ 433,575	$ 433,575

1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and once a year).

2) Such capital surplus arises from the effect of changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary that resulted from equity transactions other than actual acquisition.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

The Company is in the growing stage. According to the Articles of Incorporation, the board of directors should propose the distribution of shareholders' dividends and submit it to the shareholders' meeting for appropriations of earnings, only after taking into consideration the Company's earnings, overall development, financial planning, capital requirements, industry outlook and future prospects of the Company for each of the fiscal year.

During the period when the shares are listed or traded in Taipei Exchange or Taiwan Stock Exchange, the board of directors when making proposal for distribution of earnings shall first appropriate the earnings in each fiscal year as follows: (i) reserve for tax of the relevant fiscal year; (ii) amount to offset past losses; (iii) from the remaining amount, 10% for legal reserve; and (iv) special reserve required by the securities authorities of the Republic of China in accordance with the rules of a public company. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors after the amendment, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors in Note 24-h.

After considering the financial, business and operational factors, according to the Cayman Company Law and the Public Company Rules, all or parts of the unappropriated earnings accumulated in previous years, plus no less than 10% of the after-tax earnings in the current year, can be distributed as shareholders' dividends according to the shareholding ratio. Shareholders' dividends are distributed as stock dividends, cash dividends, or both; cash dividends must not be less than 10% of total dividends.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2020 and 2019 approved in the shareholders' meetings on April 15, 2021 and June 23, 2020, respectively, were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2020	2019
Legal reserve	$ 50,456	$ 32,968
Special reserve	$ (15,390)	$ 57,195
Cash dividends	$ 274,960	$ 237,649
Share dividends	$ 74,989	$ -
Cash dividends per share (NT$)	$ 5.5	$ 4.7
Share dividends per share (NT$)	$ 1.5	$ -

The issue new shares through capital increase from earning in 2021 has affected the number of outstanding shares. Therefore, the Group adjusted the cash dividends distribution rate in 2020 from 5.5 per share to 4.78 per share.

d. Special reserves

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Beginning at January 1	$ 78,601	$ 21,406
Appropriations in respect of Debits to other equity items	-	57,195
Appropriations in respect of Debits to other equity items	(15,390)	-
Balance at December 31	$ 63,211	$ 78,601

On the initial application of the fair value model to investment properties, the Company appropriated to retained earnings a special reserve in the amount of $2,344 thousand that was the same as the net increase in the fair value. Additional special reserve should be appropriated for the amount equal to the difference between net debit balance reserves and the special reserve appropriated on the first-time adoption of IFRSs. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses and is thereafter distributed.

e. Non-controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Balance at January 1	$ 119,128	$ 113,380
Share in profit (loss) for the year	2,699	5,023
Other comprehensive loss during the year		
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign entities	(897)	1,981
Unrealized loss on financial assets at FVTOCI	(315)	(1,256)
Balance at December 31	$ 120,615	$ 119,128

f. Treasury shares

Purpose of Buy-back	Shares Transferred to Employees (In Thousands of Shares)
Number of shares at January 1, 2021	1,084
Increase during the year	382
Number of shares at December 31, 2021	1,466
Number of shares at January 1, 2020	513
Increase during the year	571
Number of shares at December 31, 2020	1,084

Under the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company shall neither pledge treasury shares nor exercise shareholders' rights on these shares, such as the rights to dividends and to vote.

23. REVENUE

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Revenue from sale of goods	$ 2,714,866	$ 2,353,380

a. Contract information

The goods are sold at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company eliminates the estimated customer returns, discounts and other similar discounts from the amount of goods sold to determine the revenue from sale of goods.

b. Contract balances

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	January 1, 2020
Accounts receivables (Note 10)	$ 444,018	$ 661,465	$ 437,893
Contract liabilities - current	$ 126,900	$ 47,573	$ 16,450

c. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 36 for information about disaggregation of revenue.

24. NET PROFIT

a. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Government subsidy income	$ 25,453	$ 17,378
Rental income	4,480	4,289
Miscellaneous income	1,056	27,410
	$ 30,989	$ 49,077

b. Other gains and losses

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Net foreign exchange loss	$ (28,559)	$ (2,635)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(223)	(22)
Others	(2,945)	(623)
	$ (31,727)	$ (27,010)

c. Finance costs

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Interest on bonds	$ 32,181	$ 21,867
Interest on bank loans	2,892	3,993
	$ 35,073	$ 25,860

d. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Bank deposits	$ 2,247	$ 1,778

e. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating costs	$ 132,052	$ 103,120
Operating expenses	2,513	2,256
	$ 134,565	$ 105,376
An analysis of amortization by function		
Operating costs	$ 128,311	$ 97,260
Operating expenses	6,254	8,116
	$ 134,565	$ 105,376

f. Operating expenses directly related to investment properties

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Direct operating expenses of investment properties generating Rental income	$ 413	$ 539

g. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Short-term benefits	$ 109,385	$ 93,647
Post-employment benefits	8,733	826
Other employee benefits	4,206	4,002
Total employee benefits expense	$ 122,324	$ 98,475
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function		
Operating costs	$ 73,666	$ 52,954
Operating expenses	48,658	45,521
	$ 122,324	$ 98,475

h. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrues employees' compensation at a rate of no less than 1% when the Company earned profits in the year. Employees' compensation is paid to employees of subordinate companies that meet certain conditions. When the

Company is able to increase the amount of profit, it accrues directors' remuneration at a rate of no more than 3% of the profit of the year. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, it should first retain the amount to offset the losses before accruing employees' and directors' remuneration in accordance with the above-mentioned proportion. The aforementioned profit refers to the Company's pre-tax net profit. To avoid confusion, the pre-tax net profit refers to the amount before the accrual for employees and directors' remuneration.

The employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 9, 2022 and March 5, 2021, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Employees' compensation	1.00%	1.00%
Remuneration of directors	0.55%	0.20%

Amount

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
	Cash	Cash
Employees' compensation	$ 3,631	$ 5,122
Remuneration of directors	2,000	1,000

If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate in the subsequent period.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Further information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors approved in the meetings of the board of directors is available at the "Market Observation Post System" website of the TSE.

i. Gains or losses on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Foreign exchange gains	$ 4,357	$ 43,242
Foreign exchange losses	(32,916)	(69,607)
Net loss	$ (28,559)	$ (26,365)

25. INCOME TAXES

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	$ (24,675)	$ (44,944)
Adjustments for prior year	9,309	(10,247)
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	12,130	6,568
Adjustments for prior year	(2,009)	5,354
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	$ (5,245)	$ (43,269)

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Profit before income tax	$ 365,444	$ 552,850
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	$ (55,456)	$ (75,302)
Research and development credits	42,315	35,384
Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income	(240)	(366)
Tax-exempt income	638	2,310
Adjustments for prior years' tax	7,300	(4,893)
Others	198	(402)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	$ (5,245)	$ (43,269)

b. Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Current tax assets		
Tax refund receivable	$ 6,141	$ 3,628

c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary differences				
Allowance for inventory valuation and obsolescence loss	$ 72	$ 90	$ -	$ 162
Unrealized compensation	230	20	(2)	248
FVTPL financial liabilities	53	(52)	(1)	-
Payables for security production fee	29,450	11,436	(214)	40.672
Tax losses	4,275	(1,267)	(34)	2,974
	$ 34,080	$ 10,227	$ 251	$ 44,056
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences				
Unrealized revaluation increments	$ 9,577	$ -	$ (72)	$ 9,505
FVTPL financial assets	-	106	(1)	105
	$ 9,577	$ 106	$ (73)	$ 9,610

For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Exchange Differences	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary differences				
Allowance for inventory valuation and obsolescence loss	$ 35	$ 36	$ 1	$ 72
Unrealized compensation	534	(306)	2	230
FVTPL financial assets	-	51	2	53
Payables for security production fee	20,964	7,958	528	29,450
Tax losses	-	4,183	92	4,275
	$ 21,533	$ 11,922	$ 625	$ 34,080
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences				
Unrealized revaluation increments	$ 9,420	$ -	$ 157	$ 9,577

d. Income tax declarations

The income tax declarations of Jinan Acetate Chemical and Acetek Material of the Group have been completed within the deadlines set by the local tax collection office.

26. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT$ Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Basic earnings per share	$ 6.23	$ 8.75
Diluted earnings per share	$ 5.32	$ 8.67

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used for the earning per share computation was adjusted retroactively for issuance of bonus shares on May 29, 2021. The basic and diluted earning per share adjusted retroactively for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows.

	Before Retrospective Adjustment	After Retrospective Adjustment
Basic earnings per share	$ 10.07	$ 8.75
Diluted earnings per share	$ 9.87	$ 8.67

Net Profit for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	$ 357,500	$ 504,558
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares		
Interest and evaluation of convertible bonds	930	35,650
Earning used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	$ 358,430	$ 540,208

Number of Shares

Unit: Thousand Shares

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of basic earnings per share	57,407	57,640
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares		
Convertible bonds	9,936	4,591
Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	42	42
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	67,385	62,273

If the Group offered to settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares, then the Group should assume that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

27. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it has the necessary financial resources and operating plans to meet the working capital, capital expenditure and debt repayment requirements for the next 12 months, and that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

Key management personnel of the Group review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the key management personnel consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the key management personnel, in order to balance the overall capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, the number of new shares issued or repurchased, and/or the amount of new debt issued or existing debt redeemed.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

In the management's opinion, the carrying value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value approximates the fair value of the financial instruments.

b. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2021

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Held for trading	$ -	$ 697	$ -	$ 697
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments	$ -	$ -	$ 24,055	$ 24,055
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Held for trading	$ -	$ 45,971	$ -	$ 45,971

December 31, 2020

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments	$ -	$ -	$ 25,829	$ 25,829
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Held for trading	$ -	$ 82,938	$ -	$ 82,938

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTOCI Equity Instruments
Balance at January 1, 2021	$ 25,829
Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and losses)	(196)
Recognized in other comprehensive income (included in unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI)	(1,578)
Balance at December 31, 2021	$ 24,055

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTOCI Equity Instruments
Balance at January 1, 2020	$ 31,716
Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and losses)	391
Recognized in other comprehensive income (included in unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI)	(6,278)
Balance at December 31, 2020	$ 25,829

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Convertible bonds	The convertible bonds are assumed to be redeemed on June 9, 2022 and September 25, 2025, and the discount rate is calculated by the 5-year public bond yield by the differential method.
Derivatives - foreign exchange forward contracts	Discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on observable forward exchange rates at the end of the year and contract forward rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.

4) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of unlisted equity securities - ROC were determined using the income approach. In this approach, the discounted cash flow method was used to capture the present value of the expected future economic benefits to be derived from the ownership of these investees.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Financial assets		
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1)	$ 1,432,617	$ 1,625,587
Financial assets at FVTOCI		
Equity instruments	24,055	25,829
Financial assets at FVTPL	697	-
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	1,768,956	1,359,777
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	45,971	82,938

1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable and accounts receivable, accounts receivable for related parties, other receivables, other current assets (pledged deposits) and refundable deposits.

2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts and other payables, bonds issued, guarantee deposit received, current portion of long-term borrowings and long-term borrowings.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, debt investments, accounts receivable, borrowings, accounts payable and bonds payable. The Group's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Group's policies approved by the board of directors, which provided written principles on foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Group did not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below).

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

Several subsidiaries have foreign currency sales and purchases, which exposes the Group to foreign currency risk. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilizing foreign exchange forward contracts.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) and of the derivatives exposed to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 7 and 34.

<u>Sensitivity analysis</u>

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the RMB (i.e. the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and representing management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates is 1%. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a decrease in pre-tax profit and other equity associated with the RMB strengthening 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% weakening of the RMB against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and the balances below would be negative.

	USD Impact	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Profit or loss	$ 2,549	$ 8,609

The above impact was mainly attributable to the exposure on outstanding receivables and payables in USD which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is not representative of the inherent foreign currency risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the period.

b) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrow funds at both fixed and floating interest rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Fair value interest rate risk		
Financial assets	$ 302,496	$ 4,865
Financial liabilities	1,134,099	987,567
Cash flow interest rate risk		
Financial assets	655,632	922,624
Financial liabilities	318,320	56,960

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by $3,373 thousand and $9,226 thousand, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates of its variable-rate bank deposits and borrowings.

c) Price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than for trading purposes, the Group does not actively trade these investments.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the year. If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021 and for the year ended December 31, 2020 would have increased/decreased by $241 thousand and $258 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which would cause a financial loss to the Group due to the failure of the counterparty to discharge its obligation, could be equal to the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

In order to mitigate credit risk, the management of the Group assigns a team responsible for credit facilities, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that appropriate actions are taken for the recovery of overdue receivables. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of the receivables on the date of the financial statements to ensure that receivables that cannot be recovered have been provided with allowance for impairment loss. Accordingly, the management reckons that the credit risk of the Group has been significantly reduced.

Accounts receivable cover a wide range of customers and are spread across different industries and geographic regions. The Company continuously evaluates the financial position of customers.

In addition, since the counterparty of current funds are financial institutions and companies with good credit ratings, the credit risk is limited.

The Group transacts with a large number of unrelated customers and, thus, no concentration of credit risk was observed.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group had available unutilized short-term bank loan facilities as set out in (c) below.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are at floating rates, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2021

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing	$ 151,552	$ 44,473	$ 107,863	$ 58,557
Fixed interest rate liabilities	562,106	138,425	144,108	600,000
	$ 713,658	$ 182,898	$ 251,971	$ 658,557

December 31, 2020

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing	$ 84,862	$ 53,781	$ 141,465	$ 35,889
Fixed interest rate liabilities	557,004	-	-	600,000
	$ 641,866	$ 53,781	$ 141,465	$ 635,889

The amount of the variable interest rate liabilities will vary depending on the floating interest rate and the interest rate estimated on the reporting date.

b) Liquidity risk table for derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's liquidity analysis of its derivative financial instruments. The table is based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross inflows and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the year.

December 31, 2021

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Net settled				
Foreign exchange forward contracts				
Inflow	$ 7,033	$ 15,184	$ -	$ -

December 31, 2020

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Net settled				
Foreign exchange forward contracts				
Inflow	$ 899	$ 1,762	$ 2,644	$ -
Outflow	(952)	(1,833)	(2,818)	-
	$ (53)	$ (121)	$ (174)	$ -

c) Financing facilities

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Unsecured bank loan facilities which may be extended by mutual agreement:		
Amount used	$ 514,924	$ 56,960
Amount unused	545,789	872,722
	$ 1,060,713	$ 929,682
Secured bank loan facilities which may be extended by mutual agreement:		
Amount used	$ 57,532	$ -
Amount unused	832,875	122,556
	$ 890,407	$ 122,556

29. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company's ultimate parent is Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. In addition to those disclosed in other notes, transactions between the Group and its related parties are disclosed below:

a. Related party and relationship with the Group

Related Party Name	Relationship with the Group and Other Related Parties
Global Filter S.A (GF)	Substantive related party
Tabacalera Hernandarias S.A. (TH)	Substantive related party
SAF - INDUSTRIA E COMERCIO DE FILTEROS LTDA (SAF)	Substantive related party
Yan Kuangmeihua Supply And Marketing Limited Company (Yankuang Kuangmeihua)	Substantive related party
Yankuang Lunan Chemical Co., Ltd. (Yankuang Lunan Chemical)	Substantive related party (shareholder of a subsidiary)
Wang, Ke-Chang	Key management

b. Operating revenue

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	For the Year Ended December 31 2021	2020
Sales	Substantive related party		
	GF	$ 164,763	$ 272,358
	Others	51,507	100,099
		$ 216,270	$ 372,457

The selling prices and payment period in related-party transactions were not significantly different from those for transactions with third parties.

c. Purchases of goods

Related Party Category	For the Year Ended December 31 2021	2020
Substantive related party/Yankuang Kuangmeihua	$ 664,746	$ 194,255
Substantive related party/Yankuang Lunan Chemical	-	36,892
	$ 664,746	$ 231,147

The purchase prices in related-party transactions were not significantly different from those for transactions with third parties.

d. Receivables from related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Accounts receivable	Substantive related party		
	GF	$ 9,463	$ 27,728
	TH	9,126	3,054
	SAF	-	44,605
		$ 18,589	$ 75,387

The outstanding receivables from related parties were unsecured. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, no impairment loss was recognized on accounts receivable from related parties.

e. Payables to related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Other payables	Substantive related party/ Yankuang Lunan Chemical	$ 24,828	$ 23,801

The outstanding payables to related parties were unsecured.

f. Prepayments

Related Party Category/Name	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Substantive related party/Yankuang Lunan Chemical	$ 30,234	$ -
Substantive related party/Yankuang Kuangmeihua	6,385	25,592
	$ 36,619	$ 25,592

g. Refundable deposits (other current assets)

Related Party Category	December 31 2021	December 31 2020
Substantive related party/Yankuang Lunan Chemical	$ 434	$ 438

h. Other transactions with related parties

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	For the Year Ended December 31 2021	For the Year Ended December 31 2020
Manufacturing expense - steam fee	Substantive related party/ Yankuang Lunan Chemical	$ 198,555	$ 203,639
Research and development expense - steam fee	Substantive related party/ Yankuang Lunan Chemical	6,362	8,729
Operating expense - rental	Key management	360	360
Operating expense - rental	Substantive related party/ Yankuang Lunan Chemical	347	77
		$ 205,624	$ 212,805

The substantive related party provides steam to the Company for use in production and provides rental service.

The key management provides rental service to the Company.

i. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	$ 14,063	$ 8,173
Post-employment benefits	118	14
	$ 14,181	$ 8,187

The remunerations of directors and key executives were determined by the remuneration committee on the basis of individual performance and market trends.

30. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bank borrowings, letters of credit and bank's acceptance bills:

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Financial assets at amortized cost	$ 5,154	$ 4,865
Pledge deposits (classified as other current assets)	142,878	91,441
Property, plant and equipment, net	47,418	52,492
Right-of-use assets	77,960	53,811
Investment properties, net	-	74,887
	$ 273,410	$ 277,496

31. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group were as follows:

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, unused letters of credit for purchases of raw materials and machinery and equipment amounted to approximately $207,989 thousand and $196,466 thousand, respectively.

Unrecognized commitments were as follows:

	December 31	
	2021	2020
Payments for property, plant and equipment	$ 80,642	$ 38,055

32. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Groups' subsidary, Jinan Acetate Chemical, signed the expropritaion contract with Jinan Prior Zone For Replacing Old Growth Drivers with New Zones Management Committee Construction Management Department. The first installment of the investment properties with the right of-use assets and buildings, which located in Qingning areas. Has collected and proceeded in January 13, 2022.

33. OTHER ITEMS

The Group evaluated the economic impact caused by the COVID-19 epidemic. The Group had no significant influence by the epidemic at the date of consolidated financial report announced. The Group will continue to observe and to evaluate the impact on this relevant epidemic.

34. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group entities' significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
December 31, 2021			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	$ 21,390	6.380 (USD:RMB)	$ 609,632
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	12,752	6.380 (USD:RMB)	354,726
December 31, 2020			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	35,360	6.525 (USD:RMB)	1,009,789
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	5,218	6.525 (USD:RMB)	148,856

The significant (realized and unrealized) foreign exchange gain (losses) were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2021		2020	
Functional Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Losses	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Losses
USD	6.4512 (USD:RMB)	$ (26,700)	6.8996 (USD:RMB)	$ (26,220)
Other	-	(1,859)	-	(165)
		$ (28,559)		$ (26,365)

35. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

a. Information on significant transactions and investees:

1) Financing provided to others. (Table 1)

2) Endorsements/guarantees provided. (Table 2)

3) Marketable securities held (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures). (Table 3)

4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (None)

5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (None)

6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (None)

7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (Table 4)

8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (Table 5)

9) Trading in derivative instruments. (Note 7)

10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions. (Table 6)

b. Information on investees. (Table 7)

c. Information on investments in mainland China

1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area. (Table 8)

2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: (None)

   a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period.

   b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period.

   c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.

   d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes.

   e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds.

   f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services.

d. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 9)

36. SEGMENT INFORMATION

a. Financial information of the operating segment

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods and services to be delivered. The Group focuses its business mainly on the manufacturing and sales of cellulose acetate products. According to IFRS 8, the Group has organized management and resource allocation in a single department. The operating activities are related to R&D and manufacturing of acetate products, and the operating income of the operating activities accounts for more than 90% of the total revenue.

b. Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group’s revenue from continuing operations from its major products and services.

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	**2020**
Cellulose acetate tow	$ 1,772,342	$ 1,689,914
Cellulose acetate	904,111	663,466
Cellulose anhydride	38,413	-
	$ 2,714,866	$ 2,353,380

c. Geographical information

The Group operates in four principal geographical areas - Asia, Africa, America and Europe.

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below.

	Revenue from External Customers	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Asia	$ 1,933,246	$ 1,508,612
America	435,481	609,740
Europe	263,419	176,988
Africa	82,720	58,040
	$ 2,714,866	$ 2,353,380

d. Information about major customers

Single customers contributing 10% or more to the Group's revenue were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Customer A	$ 164,763	$ 272,358

TABLE 1

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statement Account	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period (Note 1)	Ending Balance (Note 1)	Actual Borrowing Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Nature of Financing	Business Transaction Amount	Reasons for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limit	Note
													Item	Value			
1	My Parents	Acetek Momentum	-	Y	$ 27,680 (US$ 1,000 thousand)	$ 27,680 (US$ 1,000 thousand)	-	3.5	Short-term financing	$ -	Operation turnover	$ -	-	$ -	$ 897,300	$ 1,196,400	Note 3
2	Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Material	-	Y	173,760 (RMB 40,000 thousand)	173,760 (RMB 40,000 thousand)	173,760 (RMB 40,000 thousand)	5.0	Short-term financing	-	Operation turnover	-	-	-	697,681	930,241	Note 3

Note 1: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the board of directors.

Note 2: For foreign subsidiaries whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly or indirectly, by the Company, when the funds are used for financing, the total amount shall not exceed 100% of the net worth of the lender. The total amount for lending to a company for funding shall not exceed 30% of the net worth of the Company.

Note 3: For companies with short-term funding needs, the amount for lending to a company shall not exceed 30% of the net worth of the lender. The total amount for lending shall not exceed 40% of the net worth of the Company.

Note 4: The limit on the amount for lending is calculated according to the recent financial statements audited by the Company’s independent accountants.

Note 5: Spot buy/sell average exchange rates of Bank of Taiwan on December 31, 2021 are used to estimate the amount in New Taiwan dollar.

Note 6: All transactions listed in the table have been eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated statements.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No. (Note 1)	Endorser/ Guarantor	Endorsee/Guarantee Receiver		Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 3)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collaterals	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 3)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China	Note
		Name	Relationship (Note 2)											
0	Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.	Jinan Acetate Chemical	b	$ 3,792,278	$ 337,920	$ 337,920	$ 56,505	$ -	22.28	$ 3,792,278	Y	N	Y	-
		Acetek Material	b	455,073	43,440	43,440	-	-	2.86	1,516,911	Y	N	Y	Note 4
1	Jinan Acetate Chemical	Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.	c	465,120	138,400	138,400	55,360	58,128	5.95	1,162,801	N	Y	N	-
		Acetek Momentum	b	465,120	86,880	86,880	-	-	3.74	1,162,801	Y	N	Y	-
		Acetek Material	b	465,120	43,440	43,440	-	-	1.87	1,162,801	Y	N	Y	Note 4

Note 1: Significant transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries or among subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

a. “0” for the Company.
b. Subsidiaries are numbered from “1”

Note 2: Relationships between the endorser/guarantor and the endorsee/guarantee receiver:

a. The Company in relation to business.
b. The Company which holds, directly or indirectly, over 50% of the voting shares.
c. The Company which holds, directly or indirectly, over 50% of the shares.
d. The Company which holds, directly or indirectly, over 90% of the voting shares.
e. Based on contract projects among their peers in accordance with contract provisions which need mutual insurance company.
f. Owing to the joint venture funded by the shareholders on its endorsement of its holding company.
g. Compliance guarantees for the performance of the sales contracts of pre-sold homes within the same industry in accordance with the Consumer Protection Law.

Note 3: The calculation for the amount of endorsement is as follows:

a. The total amount of guarantee provided by the Company to any entity whose voting shares are 100% owned, directly and indirectly, shall not exceed two-hundred-and-fifty percent (250%) of the Company’s net worth.

b. The total amount of guarantee provided by the Company to any individual entity shall not exceed ten percent (30%) of the Company’s net worth. Except for the guarantee provided to any entity whose voting shares are 100% owned, the total balance of guarantee shall not exceed the Company’s total net worth.

c. The total amount of guarantee provided by Jinan Acetate Chemical shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of its net worth. The total amount of guarantee provided to any individual entity shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of its net worth.

Note 4: The Company and Jinan Acetate Chemical provide guarantees for Acetek Material. The balance is RMB10,000,000.

Note 5: The limit on the amount for lending is calculated according to the recent financial statements audited by the Company’s independent accountants.

Note 6: Spot buy/sell average exchange rates of Bank of Taiwan on December 31, 2021 are used to estimate the amount in New Taiwan dollar.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the Holding Company (Note 2)	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2021				Note (Note 4)
				Number of Shares	Carrying Amount (Note 3)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Acetek Chemical	Stock ELEUNG LIMITED	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	333	$ 24,055	25	$ 24,055	-

Note 1: The marketable securities in this table are stocks, bonds and short-term investments accounted for under of "IFRS 9 Financial Instruments".

Note 2: The parties in the transactions are not significant related parties so the space is empty.

Note 3: Carrying amounts is fair value adjusted for deduction of accumulated impairment loss; otherwise, original carrying amounts at amortized cost after deduction of accumulated impairment loss.

Note 4: Amounts pledged should be noted on the table.

Note 5: The information about subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures is provided in Tables 7 and 8.

TABLE 4

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Buyer	Related Party	Relationship	Transaction Details				Abnormal Transaction (Note 1)		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Notes
			Purchase/ Sales	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Material	Subsidiary	Purchase	$ 990,202	37	Same as those for unrelated parties	No significant difference	No significant difference	$ -	-	Note 2
Acetek Material	Jinan Acetate Chemical	Parent company	Sales	(990,202)	(26)	Same as those for unrelated parties	No significant difference	No significant difference	-	-	Note 3
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Global Filters S.A.	Substantive related party	Sales	(164,763)	(4)	Same as those for unrelated parties	No significant difference	No significant difference	9,463	2.13	-
Acetek Material	Yan Kuangmeihua Supply And Marketing Limited Company	Substantive related party	Purchase	664,746	25	Same as those for unrelated parties	No significant difference	No significant difference	-	-	Note 4

Note 1: Differences in the condition of transactions between related parties and general customers should be noted on the table.

Note 2: The prepayment of $248,066 thousand; purchase prices have no significant difference from general customers.

Note 3: The advance receipt of $248,066 thousand; sales prices have no significant difference from general customers.

Note 4: The prepayment of $6,385 thousand; purchase prices have no significant difference from general customers.

Note 5: Actual capital amount is the actual amount from the parent company, issuer of no par stock or par value stock less than $10 New Taiwan dollar shall follow the actual capital amount as 20% of transaction amount rule; equity is calculated at 10% of the equity in the parent company’s balance sheet.

Note 6: The transactions between the Company and investee companies, except Yan Kuangmeihua Supply And Marketing Limited Company and Global Filters S.A., have been already been eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

TABLE 5

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance (Note 1)		Turnover Rate	Overdue		Amount Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Note
						Amount	Actions Taken			
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Material	Subsidiary	Account receivables	$ 158,006	0.75	$ -		$ -	$ -	Note 1
			Other receivables	174,450		-		-	-	Notes 1 and 2
				$ 332,455		$ -		$ -	$ -	

Note 1: All transactions listed in the table have been eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated statements.

Note 2: The Account Financing of $173,760 thousand and the Interest receivable of $690 thousand.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction Details			
				Financial Statement Account	Amount	Payment Terms	% to Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)
0	Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.	Jinan Acetate Chemical	1	Other non-current liabilities	$ 46,872	In accordance with mutual contracts	1
1	My Parents	Jinan Acetate Chemical	3	Other non-current liabilities	19,923	In accordance with mutual contracts	1
2	Jinan Acetate Chemical	Acetek Material	3	Account receivables	158,005	In accordance with mutual contracts	4
		Acetek Material	3	Other receivables	174,450	In accordance with mutual contracts	5
		Acetek Material	3	Prepayments	248,066	In accordance with mutual contracts	7
		Acetek Material	3	Sales	82,586	In accordance with mutual contracts	3
		Acetek Material	3	Purchases	990,202	In accordance with mutual contracts	36
3	Acetek Material	Acetek Momentum	3	Prepayments	54,589	In accordance with mutual contracts	2
4	Acetek Momentum	Acetek Material	3	Sales	62,019	In accordance with mutual contracts	2

Note 1: Companies are identified by number, as follows:

a. “0” represents the parent company.
b. “1” represents the subsidiary.

Note 2: The flow of transactions is as follows:

a. 1 - from the parent company to the subsidiary.
b. 2 - from the subsidiary to the parent company.
c. 3 - between subsidiaries.

Note 3: Percentage of consolidated operating revenues or consolidated total assets: If the account is in the balance sheet, it was calculated by dividing the ending balance by the consolidated total assets; if the account is in the income statement, it was calculated by dividing the interim cumulative balance by the consolidated operating revenue.

Note 4: The important transactions listed accord with the materiality principle of the Company.

Note 5: All transactions listed in the table have been eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated statements.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Business and Product	Original Investment Amount		As of December 31, 2021			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss) (Note 1)	Note
				December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	Shares	%	Carrying Amount			
Jinan Acetate Chemical Co., Ltd.	My Parents Living	Hong Kong	Investments	$ 974,921	$ 947,115	Note 3	100	$ 2,990,999	$ 354,615	$ 354,615	-
My Parents	Acetek Chemical	Hong Kong	Investments	39,196	39,196	Note 3	80	20,322	(106)	(85)	-

Note 1: The amount was calculated according to the investee company’s financial statement reviewed by accountants and the Company’s shareholding ratio.

Note 2: The share of profit or loss among investee companies and the net worth between investor and investee companies under the equity method are all eliminated at the time the consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Note 3: The investee company is limited and has no shares.

Note 4: Information on investments in Mainland China, please refer to Table 8.

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Remittance of Funds		Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 2)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2021	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2021	Note
					Outward	Inward							
Jinan Acetate Chemical	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose acetate tow	$ 403,146 (RMB 94,490 thousand)	c	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 354,351	100	$ 354,351 (Note 2 b (2))	$ 2,195,282	$ -	-
Acetek Material	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose acetate	581,452 (RMB 125,000 thousand)	c	-	-	-	-	10,112	80	10,881 (Note 2 b (2))	462,137	-	Note 3
Acetek Momentun	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose anhydride	394,799 (RMB 91,103 thousand)	c	-	-	-	-	(6,167)	100	(6,167) (Note 2 b (2))	389,375	-	-
Acetek Environmental	Manufacturing and sales of cellulose acetate fiber	155,578 (RMB 32,000 thousand)	c	-	-	-	-	(293)	100	(293) (Note 2 b (2))	139,301	-	-

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2021	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
$ -	$ -	$ -

Note 1: Investment is divided into the following three categories which can be marked:

a. Direct investment in mainland China.
b. Reinvestment in mainland China companies through the third region (please indicated the third area of investment company).
c. Others.

Note 2: The investment income (loss) recognized in current period:

a. No investment income (loss) has been recognized due to the investment is still in development stage.
b. The investment income (loss) was determined on the following basis:

1) The financial report was audited and certified by an international accounting firm in cooperation with accounting firm in the ROC.
2) The financial statements were audited by the CPA of the parent company in Taiwan.
3) Others.

Note 3: The realized and unrealized profits and losses among the companies were considered.

TABLE 9

JINAN ACETATE CHEMICAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS
DECEMBER 31, 2021

Name of Major Shareholder	Shares	
	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
BRIGHT PEARL ENTERPRISES LTD.	20,711,845	36.36
MACRIFER TRADING SOCIEDAD ANONIMA	9,945,430	16.98
AMACRON TRADING LIMITED	4,319,515	7.37

Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preferred shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.

Note 2: If a shareholder delivers the shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual truster who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with the Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.